

Holy Spirit

Holy – What does that mean

Hebrew

Ex 3:5 And he said, 559 z8799 Draw not nigh 7126 z8799 x408 hither: 1988 put off 5394 z8798 thy shoes 5275 from off x4480 x5921 thy feet, 7272 for x3588 the place 4725 whereon 834 x5921 thou x859 standest 5975 z8802 [is] **holy** 6944 ground. 127

#6944 קֹדֶשׁ qodesh {ko'-desh}

from [H6942](#); TWOT - 1990a;

—Hebrew Word Study (Transliteration-Pronunciation Etymology & Grammar)

- 1) apartness, holiness, sacredness, separateness
 - 1a) apartness, sacredness, holiness
 - 1a1) of God
 - 1a2) of places
 - 1a3) of things
 - 1b) set-apartness, separateness

—Brown-Driver-Briggs (Old Testament Hebrew-English Lexicon)

From [H6942](#); a **sacred** place or thing; rarely abstractly **sanctity**:—consecrated (thing), dedicated (thing), hallowed (thing), holiness, (X most) holy (X day, portion, thing), saint, sanctuary.

#6942 קָדַשׁ qadash {kaw-dash'}

a primitive root; TWOT - 1990; v

—Hebrew Word Study (Transliteration-Pronunciation Etymology & Grammar)

- 1) to consecrate, sanctify, prepare, dedicate, be hallowed, be holy, be sanctified, be separate
 - 1a) (Qal)
 - 1a1) to be set apart, be consecrated
 - 1a2) to be hallowed
 - 1a3) consecrated, tabooed

From the above as we look at the Hebrew we see 'HOLY' means – set apart, separated, consecrated, dedicated

Greek

Matt 1:18 ¶ Now <1161> the birth <1083> of Jesus <2424> Christ <5547> was <2258> (5713) on this wise <3779>: When as <1063> his <846> mother <3384> Mary <3137> was espoused <3423> (5685) to Joseph <2501>, before <4250> <2228> they <846> came together <4905> (5629), she was found <2147> (5681) with child <1722> <1064> <2192> (5723) of <1537> **the Holy <40> Ghost <4151>**.

#0040 ἅγιος hagios {hag'-ee-os}

from hagos (an awful thing) [cf [G0053](#), [G2282](#)]; TDNT - 1:88,14; adj

—Greek Word Study (Transliteration-Pronunciation Etymology & Grammar)

1) most holy thing, a saint

—Thayer's (New Testament Greek-English Lexicon)

From ἅγιος [[hagos]] (an **awful** thing) compare [G0053](#), [[H2282](#)]; **sacred** (physically **pure**, morally **blameless** or **religious**, ceremonially **consecrated**):—(most) holy (one, thing), saint.

—Strong's (Greek Dictionary of the New Testament)

- #40.
- ἅγιος
- **hagios**; from a prim. root; *sacred, holy*:—

#0053 ἁγνός hagnos {hag-nos'}

from the same as [G0040](#); TDNT - 1:122,19; adj

—Greek Word Study (Transliteration-Pronunciation Etymology & Grammar)

- 1) exciting reverence, venerable, sacred
- 2) pure
 - 2a) pure from carnality, chaste, modest
 - 2b) pure from every fault, immaculate
 - 2c) clean

—Thayer's (New Testament Greek-English Lexicon)

From the same as [G0040](#); properly **clean**, that is, (figuratively) **innocent, modest, perfect**:—chaste, clean, pure.

Rev 11:2 But the court which is without the temple leave out, and measure it not; for it is given unto the Gentiles: and the **holy city** shall they tread under foot forty *and* two months.

Rev 14:10 The same shall drink of the wine of the wrath of God, which is poured out without mixture into the cup of his indignation; and he shall be tormented with fire and brimstone in the presence of the **holy angels**, and in the presence of the Lamb:

Rev 18:20 Rejoice over her, *thou* heaven, and ye **holy apostles and prophets**; for God hath avenged you on her.

Rev 22:11 He that is unjust, let him be unjust still: and he which is filthy, let him be filthy still: and he that is righteous, let him be righteous still: and **he that is holy**, let him be holy still.

1Pet 1:16 Because it is written, **Be ye holy; for I am holy.**

From the above as we look at the Greek we see 'HOLY' means – sacred, physically pure, morally blameless or religious, ceremonially consecrated we are to be holy, there are holy angels, holy cities, holy men.

In both Hebrew [hagios] and Greek [hagnos, hagios] words the meaning is the same - set apart, separated, consecrated, dedicated, clean

Spirit - What does that mean

Holy had been defined, now let look at the **Spirit**

Hebrew

Ps 51:11 Cast me not away from thy presence; and take not thy **holy (6944) spirit (7307)** from me.

#7307 רוּחַ ruwach {roo'-akh}

from [H7306](#); TWOT - 2131a; n f

—Hebrew Word Study (Transliteration-Pronunciation Etymology & Grammar)

- 1) wind, breath, mind, spirit
 - 1a) breath
 - 1b) wind
 - 1b1) of heaven
 - 1b2) quarter (of wind), side
 - 1b3) breath of air
 - 1b4) air, gas
 - 1b5) vain, empty thing

Isa 63:10 But they rebelled, and vexed **his holy (6944) Spirit (7307)**: therefore **he** was turned to be their enemy, *and* he fought against them.

Isa 63:11 Then he remembered the days of old, Moses, *and* his people, *saying*, Where is **he** that brought them up out of the sea with the shepherd of his flock? where is **he** that put **his** **holy (6944) Spirit (7307)** within him?

Greek

Luke 11:13 If ye then, being evil, know how to give good gifts unto your children: how much more shall *your* heavenly **Father give** the **Holy (040) Spirit (4151)** to them that ask him?

G4151 πνεῦμα **pneuma** (pnev'-ma) *n.*

1. **a current of air, i.e. breath (blast) or a breeze.**
2. *(by analogy or figuratively)* **a spirit.**

1Thess 4:8 He therefore that despiseth, despiseth not man, but **YHWH**, who has also given unto us **his** **holy (040) Spirit (4151)**.

From the above as we look at the Hebrew and the Greek we see 'Spirit' means – breath, wind, air described this way as there is NO earthly way in any language to describe these other dimensional/heavenly entities.

Holy Spirit - What does that mean

Ps 51:11 Cast me not away from thy presence; and take not **your** **holy (6944) [set apart] spirit (7307) [breath, wind, other dimensional/heavenly entity]** from me.

Luke 11:13 If ye then, being evil, know how to give good gifts unto your children: how much more shall *your* heavenly **Father give** the **Holy (040) [set apart, sacred, pure] Spirit (4151) [breath, wind, other dimensional/heavenly entity]** to them that ask him?

Conclusion:

The 'Holy Spirit' of YHWH is a set apart spirit, as sacred spirit created to exclusively represent YHWH with a special work to reside with men. The Holy Spirit is not YHWH,

but a special set apart spirit with a special duty. The trinity doctrine tries to translate this into a trinity 'being' which if we are honest and look at the text we see this is not even remotely possible. The Holy Spirit is a special spirit for men apart from the 7 Spirits before the throne which were **sent forth into all the earth**, it is called out, set apart, called to a specific task. The Holy Spirit / Spirit of YHWH give's men power, wisdom, knowledge.

Exodus 31:1 YHWH spake unto Moses, saying, **2** See, I have called by name Bezaleel the son of Uri, the son of Hur, of the tribe of Judah: **3** And I have filled him with the **spirit of Elohim**, in wisdom, and in understanding, and in knowledge, and in all manner of workmanship, **5** And in cutting of stones, to set *them*, and in carving of timber, to work in all manner of workmanship. Repeated in Ex 35:30

1 Samuel 10:10 And when they came thither to the hill, behold, a company of prophets met him; and the **Spirit of Elohim** came upon him, and he prophesied among them.

Judges 15:14 when he came unto Lehi, the Philistines shouted against him: and the **Spirit of YHWH** came mightily upon him, and the cords that *were* upon his arms became as flax that was burnt with fire, and his bands loosed from off his hands.

1 Samuel 10:6 And the **Spirit of YHWH** will come upon thee, **and thou shalt prophesy with them, and shalt be turned into another man.**

Isaiah 59:19 So shall they fear the name of YHWH from the west, and his glory from the rising of the sun. When the enemy shall come in like a flood, the **Spirit of YHWH** shall lift up a standard against him.

Isaiah 61:1 The **Spirit of the Elohim YHWH** is upon me; because YHWH hath anointed me to preach good tidings unto the meek; he hath sent me to bind up the brokenhearted, to proclaim liberty to the captives, and the opening of the prison to *them that are bound*;

Luke 4:18 The **Spirit of the YHWH** is upon me, because he hath anointed me to preach the gospel to the poor; he hath sent me to heal the brokenhearted, to preach deliverance to the captives, and recovering of sight to the blind, to set at liberty them that are bruised, **19** To preach the acceptable year of YHWH.

Acts 8:39 And when they were come up out of the water, the **Spirit of the YHWH** caught away Philip, that the eunuch saw him no more: and he went on his way rejoicing.

Revelation 1:4-5 John to the seven churches which are in Asia: Grace unto you, and peace, from YHWH which is, and which was, and which is to come; and from **the seven Spirits** which are before his throne; And from Yeshua Messiah, the faithful witness, the first begotten of the dead, and the prince of the kings of the earth. Unto him that loved us, and washed us from our sins in his own blood,

Revelation 3:1 And unto the angel of the church in Sardis write; These things saith **he that hath the seven Spirits of YHWH**, and the seven stars; I know thy works, that thou hast a name that thou livest, and art dead.

Revelation 4:5 And out of the throne proceeded lightnings and thunderings and voices: and seven lamps of fire burning before the throne, **which are the seven Spirits of YHWH**.

Revelation 5:6 And I beheld, and, lo, in the midst of the throne and of the four beasts, and in the midst of the elders, stood a Lamb as it had been slain, having seven horns and seven eyes, **which are the seven Spirits of YHWH sent forth into all the earth**.

Appendix:

KJV Dictionary Definition: spirit

<http://av1611.com/kjbp/kjv-dictionary/spirit.html>

spirit

SPIR'IT, n. *L. spiritus, from spiro, to breathe, to blow. The primary sense is to rush or drive.*

1. Primarily, wind; air in motion; hence, breath. All bodies have spirits and pneumatical parts within them. *This sense is now unusual.*
2. Animal excitement, or the effect of it; life; ardor; fire; courage; elevation or vehemence of mind. The troops attacked the enemy with great spirit. The young man has the spirit of youth. He speaks or act with spirit. Spirits, in the plural, is used in nearly a like sense. The troops began to recover their spirits.
3. Vigor of intellect; genius. His wit, his beauty and his spirit. The noblest spirit or genius cannot deserve enough of mankind to pretend to the esteem of heroic virtue.
4. Temper; disposition of mind, habitual or temporary; as a man of a generous spirit, or of a revengeful spirit; the ornament of a meek and quiet spirit. Let us go to the house of God in the spirit of prayer.
5. The soul of man; the intelligent, immaterial and immortal part of human beings. *See Soul.* the spirit shall return to God that gave it. Eceles. 12.
6. An immaterial intelligent substance. Spirit is a substance in which thinking, knowing, doubting, and a power of moving do subsist. Hence,

7. An immaterial intelligent being. By which he went and preached to the spirit in prison. I Pet. 3. God is a spirit. John 4.
8. Turn of mind; temper; occasions; state of the mind. A perfect judge will read each work of wit, with the same spirit that its author writ.
9. Powers of mind distinct from the body. In spirit perhaps he also saw Rich Mexico, the seat of Montezume.
10. Sentiment; perception. You spirit is too true, your fears too certain.
11. Eager desire; disposition of mind excited and directed to a particular object. God has made a spirit of building succeed a spirit of pulling down.
12. A person of activity; a man of life, vigor or enterprise. The watery kingdom is no bar to stop the foreign spirits, but they come.
13. Persons distinguished by qualities of the mind. Such spirits as he desired to please, such would I choose for my judges.
14. Excitement of mind; animation; cheerfulness; usually in the plural. We found our friend in very good spirits. He has a great flow of spirits. -To sing thy praise, would heaven my breath prolong, Infusing spirits worthy such a song.
15. Life or strength of resemblance; essential qualities; as, to set off the face in its true spirit. The copy has not the spirit of the original.
16. Something eminently pure and refined. Nor doth the eye itself, that most pure spirit of sense, behold itself.
17. That which hath power or energy; the quality of any substance which manifest life, activity, or the power of strongly affecting other bodies; as the spirit of wine or of any liquor.
18. A strong, pungent or stimulation liquor, usually obtained by distillation, as rum, brandy, gin, whiskey. In America, spirit, used without other words explanatory of its meaning, signifies the liquor distilled from cane-juice, or rum. We say, new spirit, or old spirit, Jamaica spirit, &c.
19. An apparition; a ghost.
20. The renewed nature of man. Matt 26. Gal. 5.
21. The influences of the Holy Spirit. Matt. 22.

spiritally

SPIRITALLY, adv. By means of the breath. *Not in use.*

spirited

SPIRITED, pp.

1. Animated; encouraged; incited.
2. a. Animated; full of life; lively; full of spirit or fire; as a spirited address or oration; a spirited answer. It is used in composition, noting the state of the mind; as in high-spirited, low-spirited, mean-spirited.

spiritful

SPIRITFUL, a. Lively; full of spirit. *Not used.*

spiritfulness

SPIRITFULNESS, n. Liveliness; sprightliness. *Not used.*

spiritous

SPIRITOUS, a.

1. Like spirit; refined; defecated; pure.
More refined, more spiritous and pure.
2. Fine ardent; active.

spiritousness

SPIRITOUSNESS, n. A refined state; fineness and activity of parts; as the thinness and spiritousness of liquor.

Definitions from [Webster's American Dictionary of the English Language, 1828](#).